

# Contents

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## Quick Tour Step-by-Step

The following topics offer a complete set of instructions for using **WordSmith**. However, if you want a more concise tutorial now, click the Step-by-Step button below and on each subsequent screen.



## Basics

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## **Before You Start**

**WordSmith** enables you to use many of Microsoft Word's advanced features without the study and practice normally required. However, you should complete an introductory course in Word before reading these instructions.

## Conventions

The following documentation customs are designed to improve your understanding of Help:

- Keyboard and toolbar button commands are in bold letters, and combination commands are joined with a plus sign.

**Example:** **Alt+T** means “press the Alt and T keys at the same time.”

- Word main menu commands are bold and presented as they appear on the menu (with hot key letters underlined). Sub-menu commands are separated from main menu commands by a separator ( | ).

**Exercise:** **File | Templates** means “select File from the main menu, then select Templates from the sub-menu.” The underlined letters allow you to make these selections without using the mouse, by pressing **Alt** and the underlined letter.

- The graphics used as exhibits have “hotspots” that further explain functions. Scan your cursor over the graphic with your mouse. Click the mouse when the cursor becomes a finger pointer to see a pop-up explanation for the function of each toolbar button.

**Example:** Click on the smiley face button:



- There are other hotspots in the document that help you understand the material by providing timely explanations of new terms, etc. The colored text with dotted underlines pops up more instruction, “on the spot.” when you click on it. Try it now [with these words](#).

**Smiley Face**

***Have a nice day!***

## Getting Help

The User's Guide is your first source for learning; it secondarily serves as a reference. However, each **WordSmith** template has a customized online Help system. Click the button on the right end of the toolbar in the exhibit below:



## **WordSmith Help**

Launches the Help system you are reading now.

## **What Is a Template?**

[Microsoft Word's Definition](#)  
[How It Applies to You](#)  
[Benefits of Using a Template](#)

## **Microsoft Word's Definition of a Template**

A template is a blueprint for the text, graphics, and formatting of a document. A template also stores styles, macros, AutoText entries, and customized Word command settings.



## **How the Template Applies to You**

This template is a blueprint for you to follow in formatting your document. However, you don't have to know anything about formatting or storing styles, macros, or AutoText to use it.

**WordSmith** has its own toolbars, customized to produce the formatting prescribed by the standards found in the User's Guide manual. Though you can use styles, macros, and AutoText independently of the toolbars, buttons do all the formatting for you.

## The Benefits of Using a Template

This approach to documentation will

- ensure consistency
- increase productivity

### Example:

Setting up the body pages and front matter of the User's Guide manual without **WordSmith** requires more than 30 actions. Many of them demand advanced Word skills, and one of them is undocumented by Microsoft. **WordSmith** reduces those 30+ steps to one.

## Overview of the Toolbars

Word normally displays two toolbars by default. They are

- the Standard toolbar



- the Formatting toolbar



These toolbars have buttons that allow you to perform certain functions with a mouse click. You could use them for all your formatting. However, using them demands a skill you might not have.

The custom toolbars included in **WordSmith** combine the functions of the Standard and Formatting toolbars (as well as others). They automate the combined functions so that a number of mouse clicks and formatting selections are reduced to one button.

The custom toolbars ensure that your formatting complies with standards. They allow you to match standards without comparing your work to a model or learning the relatively complex procedures required to produce standard formats. They also increase your productivity.

The User's Guide manual was formatted with the custom toolbars. All the Chapter Titles, Topic Titles, Topic Labels, body text, tables, page layouts, headers, footers, as well as the Index and Table of Contents were formatted (and, in some cases, inserted) with one mouse click on a toolbar button.

## Summary of Steps to Use WordSmith

There are six steps in using **WordSmith**:

1. Launching Microsoft Word
2. Attaching the template
3. Saving the title of the document in the [Summary Info](#) dialog box of Word
4. Setting up the document
5. Launching the function toolbars
6. Clicking buttons for the appropriate functions

**FIRST DOCUMENT DEVELOPMENT STEP**



## Attaching WordSmith's Template

The first thing you have to do to make this work is launch Microsoft Word and attach the **WordSmith** template to your document.

**Note:** These instructions apply to the WRDSMTH1.DOT template, but you might be using a different template for a document style other than Systems Manual.

Here are the steps:

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	From the main menu: Select <b>File   Templates.</b>
2	Click the <b>Attach</b> button.
3	Click on the <b>File Name</b> (WRDSMTH1.DOT for a Systems Manual) for the template you want.
4	Click <b>OK.</b>
5	Click an <b>X</b> in the checkbox for <b>Automatically Update Document Styles.</b>
6	Click <b>OK.</b>

NEXT STEP



## Launching **WordSmith's** Main Toolbar

After you have attached **WordSmith's** template, click the **WordSmith** main menu item. The main toolbar will be displayed at the top of the document window.

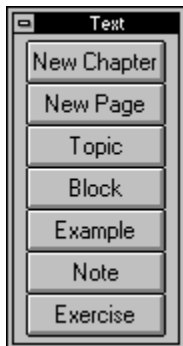


## Launching the Function Toolbar

The main toolbar has buttons with broad descriptions, such as Text and Tables. It allows you to select function toolbars.

The function toolbar has buttons for specific activities, such as creating topics and inserting Step/Action tables. The function toolbar is launched by clicking a button on the main toolbar.

**Exercise:** If you want to insert an Exercise paragraph that prompts the reader to practice, click the **Text** button on the main toolbar and this function toolbar will be launched:



## Executing Specific Toolbar Functions

When the function toolbar is displayed, you can choose the specific function you want to execute.

**Example:** If you want to start a new chapter, you should click **New Chapter**. The New Chapter paragraph mark will be inserted in its proper place, and the formatting will be done automatically for you.



## The **WordSmith** Process -- Evolution

**WordSmith** was developed by an accomplished technical writer who began to worry that he was little more than a technical “formatter.” The complexity of the word processing program was consuming 75% of the time, and only 25% was going toward writing meaningful text. To turn that relationship around, the author created **WordSmith**. **WordSmith** has enabled him and many others to produce more consistently attractive and communicative documentation in less time.

However, this system is not the answer to all the writer’s problems. It is a significant improvement over the hoops you must jump through with most word processors to create a document. This improvement can best be measured through the following analogy:

Scenario #1: A class of writers with no experience in Microsoft Word is taught to produce the shell for the **WordSmith** User’s Guide. **WordSmith** is not available to them. It takes two days to train them to produce the title page, copyright page, set up the pages with proper headers and footers, develop the body components, and create a table of contents. They leave the two-day class 75% proficient.

Scenario #2: A class of writers with no experience in Microsoft Word is taught to produce the shell for the **WordSmith** User’s Guide, *using WordSmith*. It takes two *hours* to train them to produce the title page, copyright page, set up the pages with proper headers and footers, develop the body components, and create a table of contents. They leave the two-hour class 95% proficient.

These writers must still consider a number of points when using **WordSmith**:

- [the sequence in which functions are executed](#)
- [cursor location when executing functions](#)
- [correcting mistakes](#)
- [executing commands not incorporated into the custom toolbars](#)

## Setting Up the Document

Start a new document by following a specific order.

The table below guides you through the proper sequence for setting up a new document:

Action	Result
From the main menu: Select <b>File   Templates</b> .	The Templates and Add-ins dialog box will be displayed.
Click the <b>Attach</b> button.	The Attach Template dialog box will be displayed.
Select the template you want, then click <b>OK</b> .	The Templates and Add-ins dialog box will re-appear.
Click an <b>X</b> in the checkbox for <b>Automatically Update Document Styles</b> , then click <b>OK</b> .	The template is attached to the document.
Select <b>WordSmith   Toolbar</b> from the main Word menu.	The main toolbar will be displayed at the top of the document window.
Click the <b>Set Up</b> button.	The Set Up toolbar will appear in the document window.
Click the <b>Pages</b> button.	The Summary Info Dialog box will pop up. <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The document is now properly titled for later archiving and search purposes; the title page will reference this entry when setting up the document's front matter.</li><li>2. Title and copyright pages will be set up.</li><li>3. The following setup, in compliance with documentation standards, will be made:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• margins</li><li>• paper size</li><li>• header/footer layout</li></ul></li><li>4. Two document sections will be established. One will contain the title and copyright page. The other will contain three blank pages, with the exception of a Chapter Title and Topic Title for your editing.</li><li>5. All header text will be inserted and</li></ol>

**NEXT STEP**



formatted.

6. All footer text (including page numbers) will be inserted and formatted.
7. Your cursor will land on the Chapter Title, where you should edit the text. Do not highlight the paragraph mark for the Chapter Title placeholder when editing. *Setup is complete.*

## Viewing the Results of the Setup

It will be helpful to view the results of the Setup. If you click the Print Preview icon on Word's Standard toolbar, you can see how your document would look if printed.

Use this feature often to review your progress.



**NEXT STEP**



## Completing the Document

Take the following steps to complete the document:

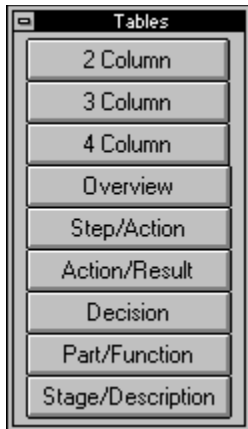
- | Step | Action   |
|------|--|
| 1    | Replace the “Chapter Title” text with the name of your chapter. <u>Do not highlight the paragraph mark for the Chapter Title placeholder when editing.</u>                         |
| 2    | Enter the name of your topic in the proper location of “Topic Title.”  |
| 3    | Click the Text button on the template’s main toolbar.  |
| 4    | Position your cursor where you want a block of text.   |
| 5    | Click the Block button on the Text toolbar.  |
| 6    | Enter the Topic Label for the block.   |
| 7    | Press Tab, then enter the text for the block.  |
| 8    | Repeat Steps 4 - 7 until you have completed all the text for the topic.  |
| 9    | Place the cursor where you want a new Topic. Click the Topic button on the Text toolbar. Replace the “Topic Title” text with the name of your topic. Repeat Step 8 for each topic. |
| 10   | Click the New Chapter button on the Text toolbar to start a new chapter.   |
| 11   | Enter the title of the new chapter.  |
| 12   | Repeat Steps 2 - 9 for each chapter until the body of the document is complete.  |
| 13   | Click the Set Up button on the template’s main toolbar.  |
| 14   | Mark Index entries according to Word procedure.  |
| 15   | Click the Index button on the Set Up toolbar to create an Index.   |
| 16   | Click the TOC button on the Set Up toolbar to create a Table of Contents.  |
| 17   | Revise the document as needed (see <a href="#">Tables</a> , <a href="#">Updates</a> , <a href="#">Continuations</a> , and <a href="#">Tweaking</a> ).                              |

NEXT STEP



## Tables

The **Tables** button on the main template toolbar launches the Tables function toolbar, which has nine table types from which to choose. As with all other buttons except **New Chapter** and those in **Update**, you should position the cursor where you want the table to be inserted before clicking the button.



## Updates

Updates can be made to three document elements via toolbar buttons:



- Table of Contents (see [Index and Table of Contents](#))
- Index (see [Index and Table of Contents](#))
- Title

The **Title** button on the Update toolbar updates the title page as well as the title reference in the copyright statement. Use this function after changing the title in the **File | Summary Info** dialog box.

## Continuations

These buttons break the continued page and set up the continuation labels in a consistent way. Click on the below exhibit to see more specific instructions.

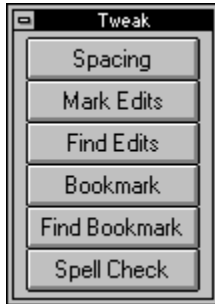


- ◆ See [Index and Table of Contents](#) for instructions on continuing the TOC and Index.

## Tweaking

No system is perfect, including this template. It may be necessary to scan through your document for needed modifications. These could include changes like taking out extra paragraph marks, bolding some words or placing them in italics, and the like.

The Tweak toolbar can help with the final document cleanup. Click the **Tweak** button on the main toolbar to launch the following function buttons:



The **Convert** button also has utilities to tweak the document.

NEXT STEP





## **Spacing**

Inserting too few or too many spaces at places within a document is a common writing mistake. This function will search the document for those mistakes and automatically fix them.

## **Mark Edits**

Use this button to mark text as incomplete or subject to later edit in some way. Place your cursor where you want the mark and click; three asterisks will be inserted there.

## **Find Edits**

This function finds the asterisk markings you have made with the **Mark Edits** button.

## **Place Bookmarks**

Click the button to mark your place before exiting the document, in the same fashion as you would when reading a book. You can also place more than one bookmark, naming each for later searches

## **Find Bookmarks**

Clicking this button takes you to your bookmark.

## **Spell Check**

Performs a spell check of the document.

## Properly Locating the Cursor

The position of your cursor when clicking toolbar buttons is important to the successful execution of some button-click functions.

The blocks of text are typed inside a Word table. You can see this table (dotted lines) by selecting **Table | Gridlines** on the Word main menu. You cannot successfully execute a button click to create new text while in this table.

- When you click the **Topic**, **Block**, **Example**, **Note**, or **Exercise** button on the Text toolbar, as well as any Tables or Continue toolbar button your cursor should be at the desired insertion point (outside the block table). Press the **Enter** key (called a hard carriage return by typists) to provide spacing between paragraphs.

**Note:** The **New Chapter** button will insert a page break before locating the New Chapter text placeholder on a new page. Therefore, your cursor should be just below the last block of a topic when using this button.

## Correcting Mistakes

Suppose you click a button and the unexpected happens? Or you simply change your mind. Don't panic. All you have to do is reverse the operation with this button.



This is the **Undo** button (your best friend) on the Standard toolbar. It will wipe out all your mistakes. Simply click it until you are back where you started before the error occurred.



## Using Other Word Commands

**WordSmith's** custom toolbars might not handle all the formatting needs you have. They exist to provide a tool for consistency and higher productivity. Tweaking might be necessary.

***This documentation is not designed to replace Word basic training.*** The **Tutor** button on the main toolbar will take you directly to Word's Quick Preview tutorial (if it is installed on your system) for immediate examples and demos of basic functions.

**Note:** Word 7.0 does not have a tutorial online.



## **Standard Styles**

[Definition of Styles](#)

[How You Should Use Styles](#)

## **Definition of Styles**

Styles are formatting commands that you design. You choose the formats to apply -- for example, the font of the text, alignment, line or paragraph spacing, and borders. This group of characteristics is then given a unique style name.

The custom templates already have styles defined, so you don't have to design or name them. In fact, the custom toolbars incorporate styles in their automated formatting.

## How You Should Use Styles

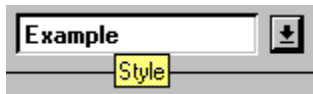
The main reasons for using styles are to

- provide consistency  
and
- speed up formatting

If your formatting needs do not exceed what **WordSmith** provides, you don't have to concern yourself with styles. However, if you find yourself formatting something in a particular way repeatedly, learn to use the **Format | Style** option. By creating a new style for that task you will save time and ensure consistency in the long run.

- **However, when using the Style feature of Word, do not overwrite, delete, or change styles you see in the Style drop-down list box and add those changes to a **WordSmith** template.**

See [Toolbar Functions](#).



## Toolbar Functions

Each button on the custom toolbars automatically attaches a style to the item you are inserting into your document.

**Example:** When you click the **Topic** button on the Text toolbar, a Topic paragraph mark (Heading 2 style) is inserted into the document.

## **Pages**

Sets up the front matter and body pages.

## **Index**

Inserts a new Index in a new section.

## **TOC**

Inserts a new Table of Contents in a new section.



## **New Chapter**

Inserts a New Chapter.

## **New Page**

Inserts a new blank page.

## **Topic**

Inserts a Topic.

## **Block**

Inserts a Topic Label and block of text within a topic.

## **Example**

Inserts an Example paragraph.

## **Note**

Inserts a Note paragraph.

## **Exercise**

Inserts an Exercise paragraph.

## **2, 3, or 4 Column**

Inserts either a 2, 3, or 4 column table, depending on your button selection.



## **Overview**

Inserts Overview table: *Displays topics in the manual and their page numbers.*

## **Step/Action**

Inserts a Step/Action table: *Displays sequential steps in a complete procedure.*

## **Action/Result**

Inserts Action/Result table: *Displays the consequences of a series of actions.*

## **Decision**

Inserts a Decision table: *Displays the correct action under given circumstances.*

## **Part/Function**

Inserts a Part/Function table: *Used for listing parts and functions or fields and descriptions.*

## **Stage/Description**

Inserts a Stage/Description table: *Used for processes.*

## **TOC**

Updates the Table of Contents.

## **Index**

Updates the Index.



## **Title**

Changes the Title and Copyright pages, if you change the Title in **File | Summary Info.**

## **Topic/Block**

Types “continued” on last line of page, inserts a heading for the topic being continued on the next page, and attaches a “continued” tag.

## **Table**

Inserts the text, references, headings, and styles at the top of a continued table and on the bottom of the preceding page.

## **TOC**

Inserts the text, references, headings, and styles at the top of a continued page and on the bottom of the preceding page.

## **Index**

Inserts the text, references, headings, and styles you see at the top of a continued page and on the bottom of the preceding page.

# Index and Table of Contents

[Table of Contents](#) \_

[Index](#)

## Table of Contents

The **TOC** button on the Set Up toolbar will create a separate section at the start of the document and insert a new Table of Contents there. You will need to reposition this Table of Contents to follow the copyright page when you submit the document for printing. However, the Table of Contents pages will be properly numbered by the toolbar button.

If you revise the document, you should press the **TOC** button on the Update toolbar; the Table of Contents will then reflect your revisions. Either of these TOC buttons can be pressed from anywhere in the document.

### Continued Table of Contents

If the Table of Contents takes more than one page, you should insert continuation labels. To do this:

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	Position your cursor at the end of the last line you want on the page to continue.
2	Insert two paragraph marks (on the same page).
3	<i>On the main template toolbar</i> , click <b>Continue</b> .
4	<i>On the Continue template toolbar</i> , click <b>TOC</b> .

A next page and continuation labels will be inserted.

NEXT STEP



## Index

The **Index** button on the Set Up toolbar will create a separate section and insert a new Index there. However, you will need to mark the Index entries first.

See the Word documentation (User's Guide or online Help) for instructions on creating an Index. The most convenient way to get help on this subject may be to **Search for Help on...index entries**, using the **Help** choice from Word's main menu.

If you revise the document by changing the page numbers or marking new index entries, you should press the **Index** button on the Update toolbar; the Index will then reflect your revisions. Either of these Index buttons can be pressed from anywhere in the document.

### Continued Index

If the Index takes more than one page, you should insert continuation labels. To do this:

<b>Step</b>	<b>Action</b>
1	Position your cursor at the end of the last line you want on the page to continue.
2	Insert two paragraph marks (on the same page).
3	<i>On the main template toolbar</i> , click <b>Continue</b> .
4	<i>On the Continue template toolbar</i> , click <b>Index</b> .

A next page and continuation labels will be inserted.



## Index of Help Topics

Click a topic for more explanation:

[Attaching \*\*WordSmith's\*\* Template](#)

[Before You Start](#)

[Benefits of Using a Template](#)

[Completing the Document](#)

[Contents](#)

[Continuations](#)

[Conventions](#)

[Correcting Mistakes](#)

[Definition of Styles](#)

[Executing Specific Toolbar Functions](#)

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[Launching \*\*WordSmith's\*\* Main Toolbar](#)

[Microsoft Word's Definition of a Template](#)

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[Overview of the Toolbars](#)

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[Using Other Word Commands](#)

[Viewing the Results of the Setup](#)

[What Is a Template?](#)

[The \*\*WordSmith\*\* Process -- Evolution](#)

**Insert Microsoft Excel Worksheet**

## Summary Info

Summary Info		✕
File Name:	WSHELP.DOC	OK
Directory:	C:\ALPHA\WRDSMITH\ONLINE	Cancel
Title:	WordSmith Help	Statistics...
Subject:	Online Help for WordSmith	Help
Author:	Raleigh R. Lee	
Keywords:	template productivity consistency	
Comments:	This is how Summary Info should be completed. It is an important element of your documentation.	

## **Text Hotspot**

This colored text with the dotted underline is a pop-up hotspot.

## **About**

Displays the version of the attached template.

## Set Up



## Text



## Tables

Tables
2 Column
3 Column
4 Column
Overview
Step/Action
Action/Result
Decision
Part/Function
Stage/Description



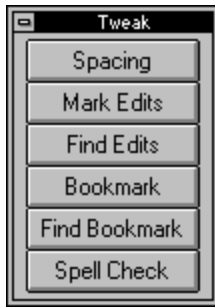
# Update



## Continue



# Tweak



# Convert

Conversion
Chapter Title
Topic Title
Block Title
Body Text
Note
List
SubList
Picture

## **Virus**

Launches the Microsoft scanner for finding and cleaning files with the Concept Virus.

## **Tutor**

Launches Word's basic training demos and examples.

## **Help**

Launches the Help system for the template.

**New Document**



**Open Document**

**Save Document**

**Print Document**

## **Print Preview**

# Spelling

**Cut**

**Copy**

**Paste**



## **Format Painter**

**Undo**

**Redo**

# **AutoFormat**

## **Insert AutoText**

**Insert Table**

## Columns

# Drawing



## Insert Chart

**Show/Hide ¶**

## **Zoom Control**

**Help**

## Style

# Font

## Font Size

**Bold**



**Italic**

**Underline**

**Align Left**

**Center**

**Align Right**

**Justify**

# Numbering

## **Bullets**



**Decrease Indent**

**Increase Indent**

## **Borders**

## Topic

Position the cursor on the line where you want the word “continued” to appear (outside the block table). Clicking **Topic** on the Continue toolbar will right align *continue* on that line, break the page below that line, and place the topic label at the top of the next page with a *continued* tag below it.

## **Block**

Position the cursor on the line where you want the word “continued” to appear (outside the block table). Clicking **Block** on the Continue toolbar will right align *continue* on that line, break the page below that line, and place the topic label at the top of the next page with a *continued* tag below it.

## Table

When a table spills over onto another page, place the cursor on the last table line of the first page and click the **Table** button on the Continue toolbar. A *continued* tag will be placed below the table on the first page, the topic label with *continued* below it will appear on the next page, followed by a continuation of the table (accompanied by the table header).

## **Microsoft Word Templates vs. WordSmith Functionality**

You might be wondering why you would use **WordSmith** when Microsoft Word already has templates. The Word templates are handy for certain tasks. However, they do not offer the functionality of **WordSmith**.

**WordSmith** templates perform a series of functions with single button clicks. These functions are chained together in the order in which they must be performed to complete complex tasks. The Word templates, on the other hand, provide little more than pre-formatted placeholders for text.

